

our United States Flag...

**GRAND LODGE FRATERNAL COMMITTEE Benevolent and Protective** Order of Elks **United States of America** 

Visit our Web site at: http://www.elks.org/grandlodge/fraternal/programs.cfm

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### Did You Know?

Grand Exalted Ruler
Henry A. Melvin,
in his report to the
Grand Lodge in 1907,
recommended the
observance of Flag Day
by the Benevolent
and Protective Order
of Elks.

## red, white

The Grand Lodge adopted his suggestion at this meeting and urged all local Lodges to take part in ceremonies honoring our flag and its history.



The Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks was the first fraternal organization to observe Flag Day. The President of the United States is authorized and requested to issue annually a proclamation calling upon officials of the Government

to display the flag of the United States on all Government buildings on such day, and urging the people to observe the day as the anniversary of the adoption on June 14, 1777, by the Continental Congress of the Stars and Stripes as the official flag of the United States of America.

The importance of every single U.S. flag, and how it is displayed is keenly observed by the Elks. We celebrate over 110 years of the Grand Lodge's 1907 designation of June 14 as Flag Day, which was followed in 1911 with the Order's approval for mandatory observance by all Lodges.

We hope that as you acknowledge the great love for your country by displaying our flag, you may reference the information in this guide, and maybe learn more about its history.

and blue...



# About & Our Flag:

#### **OUR FLAG...**

is more than just a piece of cloth flown from a staff or halyard.

#### **OUR FLAG...**

is the symbol that stands for a nation's basic ideas and purposes.

#### **OUR FLAG...**

is our national chief emblem. Every country in the world has a flag.

stars and



#### **OUR FLAG...**

represents the union of 50 states and millions of people joined into one great country.

#### **OUR FLAG...**

stands for our people...millions of Americans who have worked and fought to preserve our freedom and way of life.

### THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA



stripes forever...



## When To Display Our Flag:

Every day is appropriate.



#### **DURING THE DAY...**

- From sunrise to sunset on buildings and stationary poles outside.
- Any day when the weather is good, unless an all-weather flag is used.

#### AT NIGHT...

- The flag is usually lowered at night.
- If a patriotic effect is desired, the flag may be displayed 24 hours a day, only if properly illuminated during darkness.





#### HOLIDAYS...

#### AND OTHER SPECIAL DAYS TO DISPLAY OUR FLAG:

**New Year's Day — January 1** 

Inauguration Day — January 20

Martin Luther King, Jr. Day 3rd Monday in January

President's Day — 3rd Monday in February

**Easter Sunday** 

Mother's Day — 2nd Sunday in May

**Armed Forces Day — 3rd Saturday in May** 

Memorial Day — Last Monday in May (half staff until noon)

Flag Day — June 14

Father's Day — 3rd Sunday in June

Independence Day — July 4

Labor Day —
1st Monday in September

Patriot Day — September 11

**Constitution Day — September 17** 

Columbus Day — 2nd Monday in October

**Veterans Day — November 11** 

Thanksgiving Day — 4th Thursday in November

**Christmas Day — December 25** 

**State Holidays** 

**Admission Day of State** 

#### Did You Know?

What the colors in the U.S. Flag stand for?

WHITE: signifies purity and innocence.

RED: signifies hardiness and valor.

BLUE: vigilance, perseverance and justice.



## How To Display Our Flag:

#### Did You Know?

To always RAISE the flag on staff briskly?

To always LOWER the flag slowly and respectfully?

#### RAISING OUR FLAG...

**MEMORIAL DAY:** Fly flag at half-staff until noon; then raise to full-staff until sunset.

**AS A SIGN OF MOURNING:** First raise flag to full-staff, then lower to half-staff.

#### LOWERING OUR FLAG...

Don't let the flag touch the ground. Fold as it comes down and before completely detaching it from halyard.

From half-staff, flag should be raised to the peak before lowering.

#### **CROSSED ON WALL**



U.S. flag outside, on observer's left.

#### **FLAT ON WALL**



Union always on top, to observer's left.

#### ON SAME STAFF AS OTHER FLAGS



U.S. flag at peak, above any other flags.

#### ON SPEAKERS PLATFORM

Flag above and behind speaker or on STAFF to his right.



#### **IN CHURCH**

When displayed from a staff in a church or auditorium, should be placed to right of clergyman or speaker as he faces the congregation.



#### **IN AUDIENCE**

In front of audience and to speaker's right when facing audience.





#### CARE OF OUR FLAG...



**FOLDING** Fold flag in fourths lengthwise. Then make successive diagonal folds, ending with union outside.

**DISPOSAL** To destroy an old flag the approved way, by burning the flag. This is the most dignified and preferred way.

**WEATHER** Unless using an all weather flag, do not expose our flag to bad weather.

#### IN PROCESSION WITH OTHER FLAGS

U.S. flag to marchers' right (observer's left).



#### IN PROCESSION WITH OTHER FLAGS

U.S. flag at front and center of line.



#### **GROUPED**

U.S. flag in center, or at highest point.



#### **GROUPED**

U.S. flag goes to its own right, is hoisted first. Flags of different nations flown at same height.



#### **OVER A STREET**

Flag vertical; union faces north on east-west streets, or east on north-south streets.



#### **FUNERAL DISPLAY**

May cover a casket but not a statue. Bunting may be used for decoration. Flag must be removed before placing into grave.



#### MILITARY FUNERAL

For member of Armed
Forces or of recognized
military organizations.
Flag draped lengthwise,
union over deceased's left
shoulder. Casket carried
foot first. Don't lower
flag into grave or let it
touch ground.

#### **AS DECORATION**

Use bunting, never the flag. (Blue on top, then white, then red.)





## How To Pledge Allegiance To Our Flag:

#### Did You Know?

The pledge was first published in 1892. It was reworded in 1923, and 1954. We use the 1954 version today.

#### PREPARATION...

#### **Head Bare**

Women leave hats on.

Military Personnel, Veterans and First Responders may render a military salute to the Flag.

Right Hand Over Heart Standing At Attention

"I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one Nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all."



"...conceived in liberty and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal."

### Flag Facts:

1905 TRADEMARK ACT

Forbids the use of the flag in any registered trademark.

1942 CODE OF FLAG DISPLAY AND USE

Brought together existing rules and customs for flag use and display (amended in 1976)

1949 NATIONAL FLAG DAY BILL

Officially designated June 14th as Flag Day. This bill was signed by President Harry S. Truman, who was an Elk.

1953 UNITED NATIONS ACT

Permits the U.N. flag to be displayed above the U.S. and other national flags at U.N. headquarters.



## How Our Flag Was Born:



#### PRE-REVOLUTION

The colonies had many local flags, one of the most famous was the "RATTLESNAKE FLAG," with the slogan "Don't tread on me," as a warning to the British.



1775 The "PINE TREE BANNER"
FLAG was used on America's first fleet of warships which engaged the British in battle November – December 1775.



1775-1776 The "CONGRESS COLOR," or "GRAND UNION" FLAG, had 13 alternating red and white stripes represented the 13 original colonies. The flag used in early battles with the British.



1777 FIRST AUTHORIZED

AMERICAN FLAG, established by

Congressional Resolution on June 14;
we celebrate FLAG DAY on that date.



1794 The SECOND CONGRES-SIONAL FLAG Act added 2 stars and stripes to represent admission of Vermont and Kentucky to the Union.



1818 PRESENT FLAG established by Congress, from then on, stripes would stay at original 13, but a new star would be added for each state that joined the Union added on July 4 following admission. Note: only 20 stars in 1818.



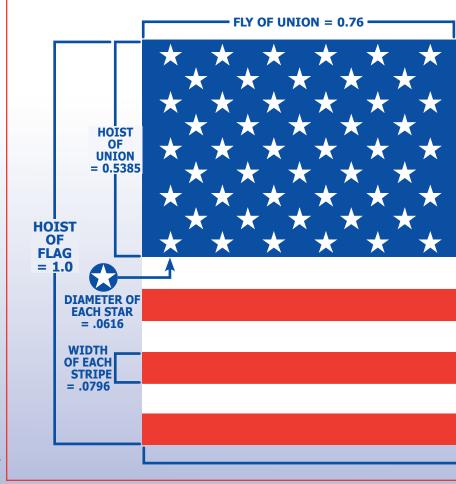
#### STATE BY STATE...

- ★ 1777: 13 Stars
  Delaware
  Pennsylvania
  New Jersey
  Georgia
  Connecticut
  Massachusetts
  Maryland
  South Carolina
  New Hampshire
  Virginia
  New York
  North Carolina
  Rhode Island
- ★ 1795: 15 Stars
  Vermont
  Kentucky
- ★ 1818: 20 Stars
  Tennessee
  Ohio
  Louisiana
  Indiana
  Mississippi
- ★ 1819: 21 Stars
  Illinois
- ★ 1820: 23 Stars
  Alabama
  Maine
- ★ 1822: 24 Stars
  Missouri
- ★ 1836: 25 Stars
  Arkansas
- ★ 1837: 26 Stars
  Michigan
- **★ 1845: 27 Stars** Florida
- **★ 1846: 28 Stars**Texas
- **★ 1847: 29 Stars**

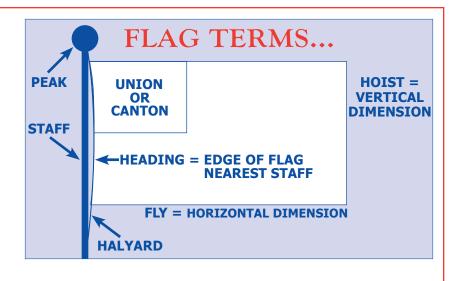
- ★ 1848: 30 Stars
  Wisconsin
- ★ 1851: 31 Stars
- ★ 1858: 32 Stars
  Minnesota
- **★ 1859: 33 Stars** Oregon
- **★ 1861: 34 Stars**Kansas
- ★ 1863: 35 Stars West Virginia
- ★ 1865: 36 Stars
- ★ 1867: 37 Stars
- ★ 1877: 38 Stars
  Colorado
- ★ 1890: 43 Stars
  North Dakota
  South Dakota
  Montana
  Washington
  Idaho
- **★ 1891: 44 Stars** Wyoming
- **★ 1896: 45 Stars**Utah
- ★ 1908: 46 Stars
- ★ 1912: 48 Stars
  New Mexico
  Arizona
- ★ 1959: 49 Stars
- **★ 1960: 50 Stars**



## Official PER EXECUTIVE ORDER AUGUST 21, 1959 Specifications Of Our Flag:











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